

Nippon India Nifty Realty Index Fund

(An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking Nifty Realty Index)

New Fund Offer Opens on	November 14, 2024
New Fund Offer Closes on	November 28, 2024

Offer of Units of Rs. 10/- each during the New Fund Offer and Continuous offer for Units at NAV based Prices

Product Label	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer		
This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*:	Nippon India Nifty Realty Index Fund	Nifty Realty TRI		
Long Term Capital Growth	Moderate Moderately High	Noderate Moderately High		
Investments in equity and equity related securities and portfolio replicating the composition of the Nifty Realty Index, subject to tracking errors	Riskometer Investors understand that their principal will be at Very High risk	Riskometer Benchmark Riskometer is at Very High risk		

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them

The product labelling assigned during the NFO is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made.

Wealth sets you free

Overview - Real Estate Sector in India

Evolving Landscape of the Indian Real Estate Market

Pre-2016

- Absence of robust regulatory framework, especially related to buyer protection
- Uncertain timelines for project completion and delivery
- NBFCs were key sources of funding

2016 and 2017

- Demonetisation, RERA, GST, Benami Transaction Amendment Act, Insolvency & Bankruptcy Code (IBC)
- A plethora of reforms in the industry, particularly RERA proved to be a gamechanger, by providing protection to buyers regulating the market

2018

- Liquidity crisis of NBFCs
- Not many active investors/lenders in the market

2020 Onwards

- Aftermath of Covid
- Highest ever sales achieved in period following the pandemic on account of factors such as **pent-up demand**, improving affordability, etc.

Segments in Indian Real Estate

Residential

- Properties used as homes or for non-professional purposes. Includes apartments, villas and plots
- One of the **fastest growing** segments

Commercial

- Caters to the needs of **businesses and industries**
- Comprises office spaces, warehouses and data centers

Retail

• Organized retail – mainly comprises **shopping malls**

Hospitality

• Hotels, service apartments, conference centers, etc.

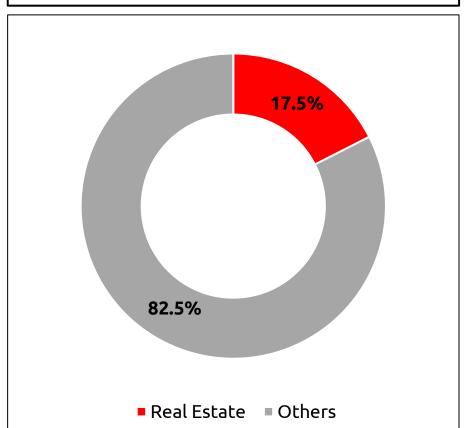
Special Economic Zone (SEZ)

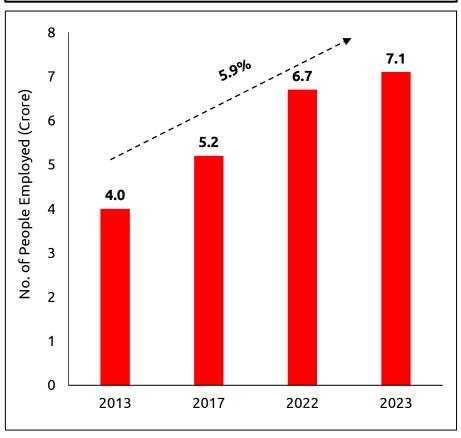
 Designated areas with conducive economic regulations that aim to generate positive economic growth

Engine of Employment

Contribution as a % of Total Employment

People Employed in Real Estate (Crore)

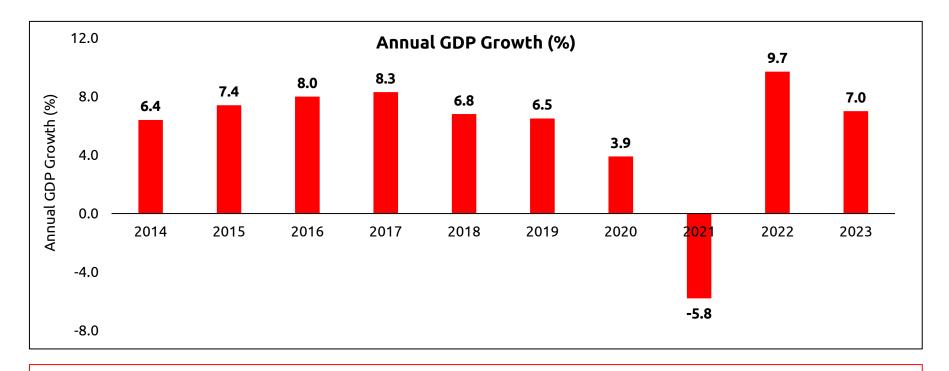




- Second largest employment generator after Agriculture, contributing ~18% of the total employment
- Total Employment in the sector has grown at a CAGR of 5.9% between 2013 and 2023

Indian Real Estate – Multiple Growth Drivers

1. Growing Economy



- The economy continues to grow with a GDP growth rate of 7.0%.
- ➤ In terms of output, the market size of **India's real estate sector** is currently **at ~USD 482 bn. contributing 7.3%**^ to the total economic output.

Note: Data above represents FY ended data

^Data as on 2023

Bn. – Billion | Tn. - Trillion

Source: Ministry Of Statistics And Programme Implementation, Confederation of Indian Industry (CII), Knight Frank The above data is for information purposes only



2. Policy Support (1/2)

FDI in Retail & Real Estate:

- FDI in retail has boosted developer sentiment to establish shopping malls and high street in India.
- FDI of up to 100% for development of townships, housing and settlements projects has made it one of the leading recipient of FDI inflows, which stood at US\$ 26.61 bn. (Apr 2000-Mar 2024).
- Real Estate Regulatory Authority (RERA): RERA Act came into existence in 2016 with an aim to protect the interests of homebuyers.

Key advantages of RERA:

- Increased Transparency: Mandates developer to register projects
- Security: 70% of Buyers and investors money in separate account. The fund only to be used for cost of construction and land cost
- Standardization of Carpet Area
- Right to buyer to get structural defects rectified from builders within
 5 years of possession



2. Policy Support (2/2)

- Pradhan Mantri Awas Yojna (PMAY): Launched to provide affordable housing, PMAY aims to construct millions of houses for the urban poor.
 - o **In Budget 2024-25**, Under **PMAY Urban 2.0, housing needs for 1 crore urban poor and middle-class families will be met** with a Rs. 10 lakh crore investment, including Rs. 2.2 lakh crore in central assistance over the next 5 years.
 - CLSS (Credit Linked Subsidy Scheme): Offers interest subsidies upto
 6.5% for homebuyers in certain income categories under LIG and MIG.
- Smart Cities Mission: Initiative aims to develop 100 smart cities across the country, improving urban infrastructure and quality of life, thereby boosting real estate demand.
- National Industrial Corridor Development Programme:
 - GOI is developing 11 Industrial Corridor Projects across the country.
 Aims to enhance connectivity, promote urban development and boost the sector's investment. The programme has a sanctioned corpus of ~USD 1.2 billion, as of August 2023

3. Adoption of Technology

• Increase in Proptech companies:

- Proptechs such as No-broker, Housing.com, Square Yards, Livespace etc. provide innovative solutions to help investors in decision making. (E.g. Virtual tours, Online property listings etc.)
- o Proptech start-ups raised USD 2.4 bn between Jan 2021 and March 2023

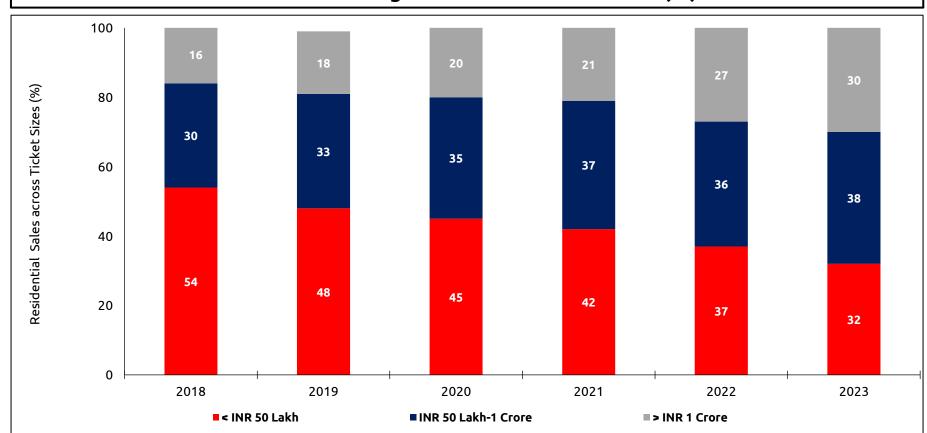
Property e-auction:

- This is emerging as a convenient alternative to traditional auctions.
 It allows buyers and sellers to navigate the complexities.
- Delhi Development Authority (DDA) launched an e-auction of 453 properties till October 2023, including commercial estate plots, group housing and other related plots.
- Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITS): The REITs have seen an increase in investment in office spaces, which have grown from 24.8 mn. Sq.ft in Mar19 to 74.4 mn. Sq.ft. in Mar23, a three-fold expansion.
- It **helps developers unlock capital** to expand portfolios and contribute to urban development



4. Changing Trend in Housing Demand





> The share of housing sales for segment of greater than INR 1 Crore[^] has doubled in the last 5 years, in line with increasing level of income

Data ended 2023

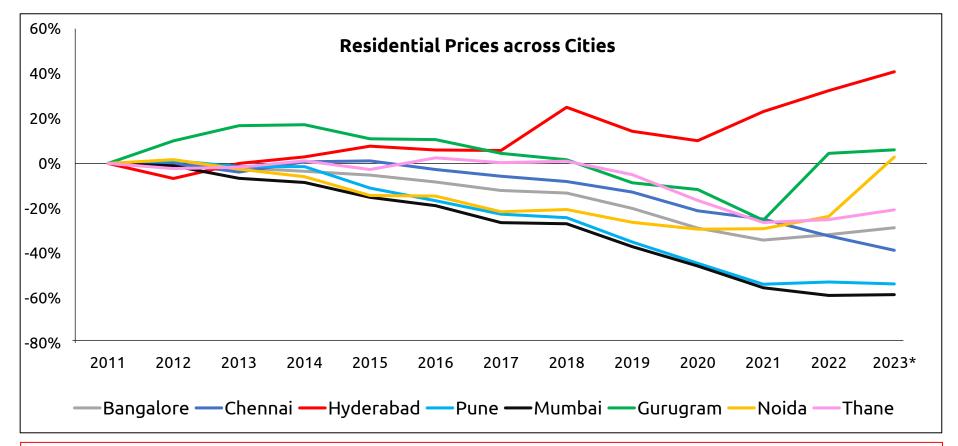
Source: World Economic Forum, Knight Frank Research The above data is for information purposes only



^{*}Residential sales across top 8 cities in India. 2023 Data is till June 2023

[^] Cost of house

5. Improving Affordability (1/3)



- Adjusted for inflation, the housing prices have declined in most top cities of India
- ➤ Interest Subvention Schemes, Offers/Discounts from Developers (like flexible payment schedules, freebies like modular kitchen, appliances etc.), makes the effective prices 10-25% lower compared to the peak price level

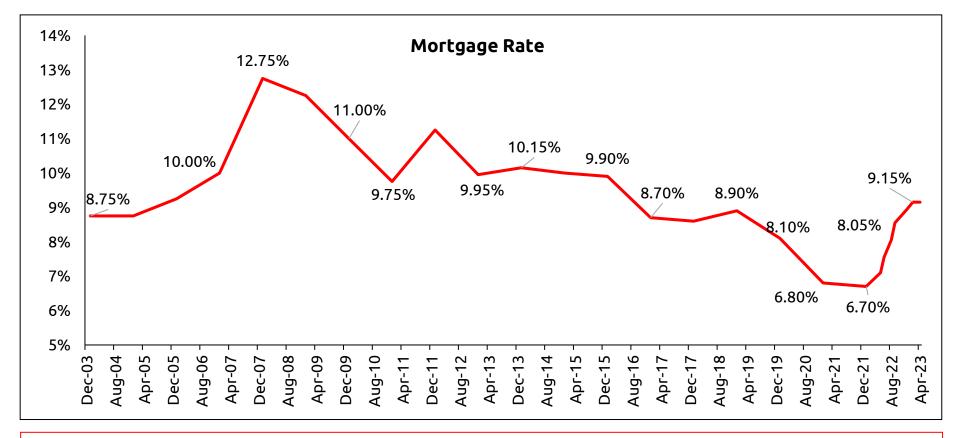
Source: Prop Equity, CEIC



^{*}Data upto March 2023. Residential prices movement shown above has been adjusted by CPI numbers of respective years

The above data is for information purposes only

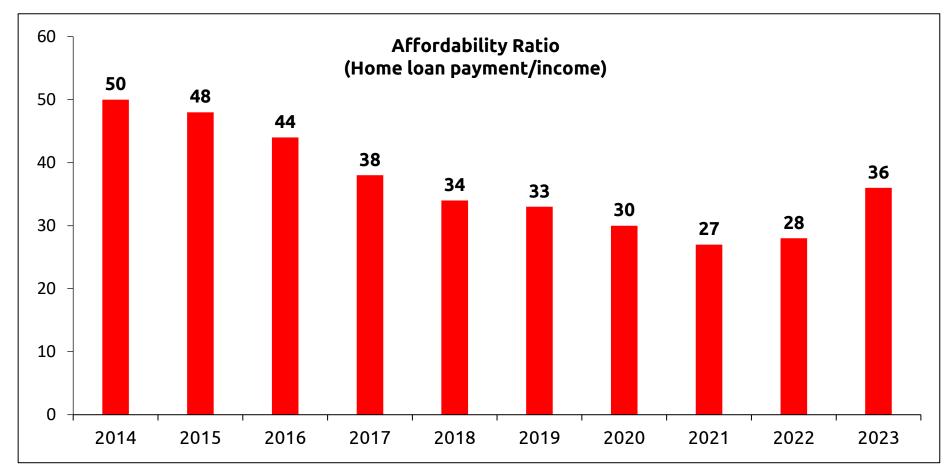
5. Improving Affordability (2/3)



- > A plethora of options available by banks and NBFCs at favorable interest rates
- Lower mortgage rates coupled with effective lower prices have led to higher sales in the past few years
- With expectations of rate cuts in the coming year, may prove beneficial for property buyers, further improving demand



5. Improving Affordability (3/3)



- > Income growth over the last 10 years has outpaced property price inflation
- Government incentives towards housing has further boosted affordability

Note: Affordability ratio is the home loan payment divided by the income of an individual. A lower ratio indicates higher affordability

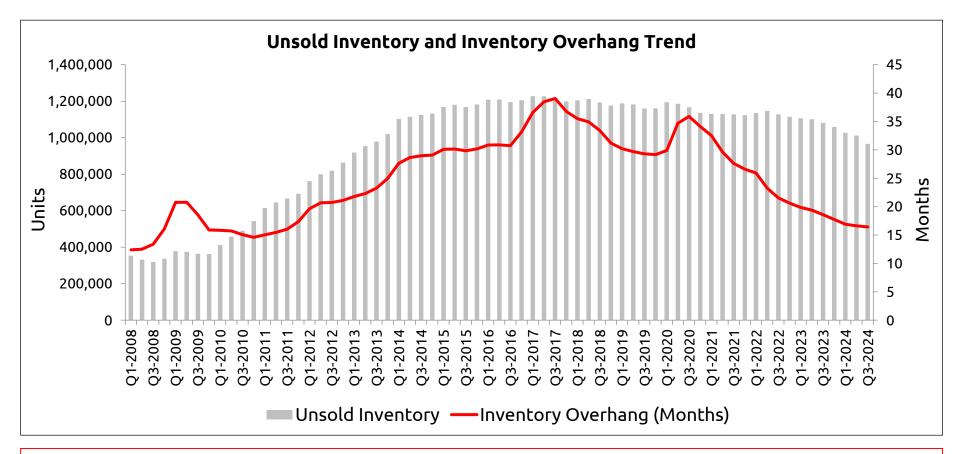
Data above represents FY ended data, pan India Source: NAREDCO, Anarock

The above data is for information purposes only



Indian Real Estate – Current Scenario

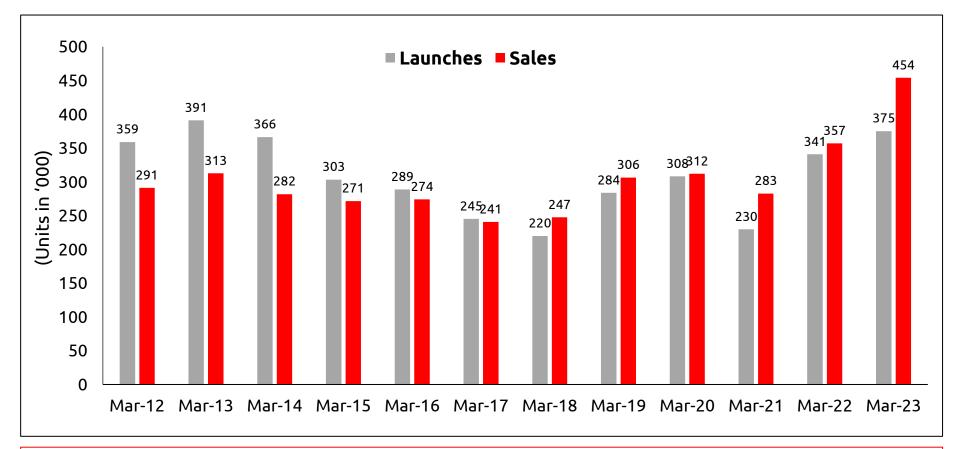
Reducing Inventory Overhang



- > While Housing inventory has slightly reduced in absolute terms since 2020, the time taken to sell the current inventory post-covid is showing a decreasing trend, indicating robust demand and higher absorption of units
- Inventory Overhang is ~1.4 years which is lowest in the last 13 years



Increasing Housing Sales - All Time High

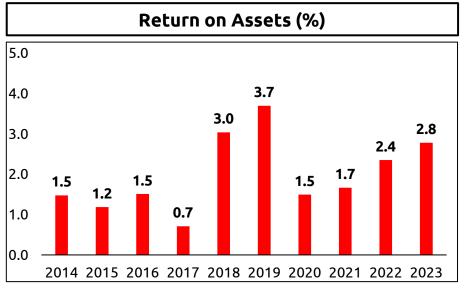


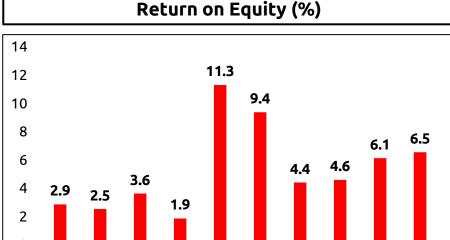
- All time high sales witnessed post the Covid pandemic, primarily led by end users
- Demand has outrun supply over the last 6 years

Note: The above data is of top 6 cities of India (MMR, NCR, Bangalore, Chennai, Hyderabad and Pune)
Source: Prop Equity
Data ended March 2023

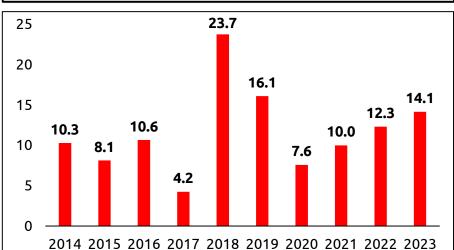


Improving Fundamentals - Nifty Realty Index



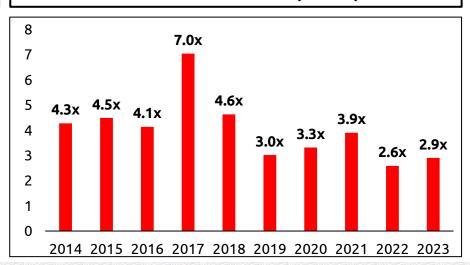






Net Debt to EBITDA (Times)

2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019 2020 2021



Calendar Year ended data **Source:** Bloomberg



2022 2023

Nifty Realty – Valuations

Price-to-Earnings (P/E) Ratio				
Dates		Nifty Realty P/E		
Current	31-Oct-24	47.6		
10 years back	31-Oct-14	30.4		
Discount/Premium		56.2%		

- Currently, the Nifty Realty index is valued at a P/E ratio of 47.6x, which represents a 56% premium relative to its level from ten years prior
- Real Estate companies had subdued performance pre-2016 period
- > Rally in real estate stocks in past year, supported by improving fundamentals

Wealth sets you free

Nifty Realty Index

Nifty Realty Index – Methodology

Universe

- Companies should form part of
 - ✓ Nifty 500^
 - ✓ Realty sector

Eligibility

- The company's trading frequency should be at least 90% in the last six months
- The company should have a minimum listing history of 1 calendar month as on cutoff date

Selection and Weightage

- Final selection of top 10 companies shall be done based on the free-float market capitalization
- Single stock weightage capped at 33% and weightage of top 3 stocks shall not be more than 62% at the time of rebalancing

Index Rebalance

Semi-annually in March and September

^Incase the number of eligible stocks representing Realty sector within Nifty 500 falls below 10, then deficit number of stocks shall be selected from the universe of stocks ranked within top 800, 1000, 1100, 1200 and so on.

For more details, please refer NSE Methodology

Source: NSE



Nifty Realty Index – Constituents

	Index Constituents					
Sr No.	Stocks	Weight (%)	Sr No.	Stocks	Weight (%)	
1	DLF Ltd.	22.9	6	Oberoi Realty Ltd.	10.1	
2	Macrotech Developers Ltd.	14.6	7	Brigade Enterprises Ltd.	7.1	
3	Godrej Properties Ltd.	14.5	8	Sobha Ltd.	2.5	
4	Phoenix Mills Ltd.	12.4	9	Raymond Ltd.	2.4	
5	Prestige Estates Projects Ltd.	12.0	10	Mahindra Lifespace Developers Ltd.	1.6	
Total					100.0	

The name of the securities mentioned above may or may not form part of index in the future

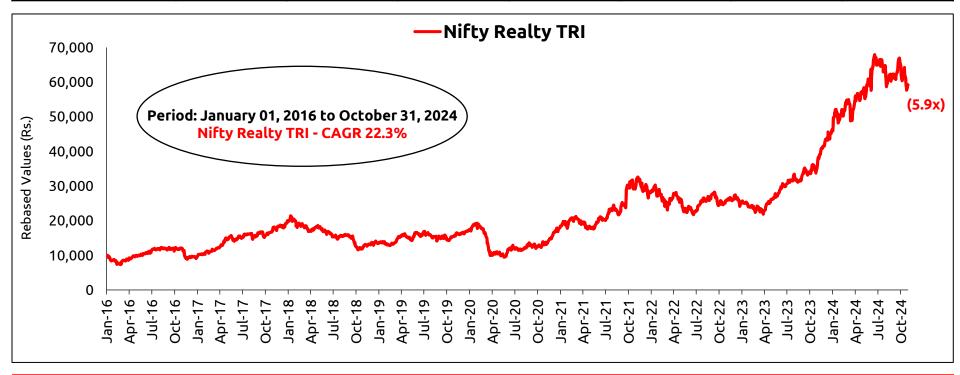
Data: As on October 31, 2024

Source: NSE



Performance – Since 2016 (The year RERA was implemented)

	Absolute (%)			Compound Annualized Growth Rate (%)			
Index Name	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Үеаг	3 Years	5 Years	10 Years
Nifty Realty TRI	-9.1	-8.5	3.0	66.0	26.4	30.4	18.0



Investment of Rs 10,000 in Nifty Realty TRI on January 01, 2016 has compounded to approx. Rs. 59 thousand (i.e. 5.9 times) as on October 31, 2024

TRI – Total Return Index | TRI values rebased to 10,000 on January 01, 2016

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and the same may not necessarily provide the basis for comparison with other investments.

Less than 1 year Absolute returns, Greater than 1 year Compound

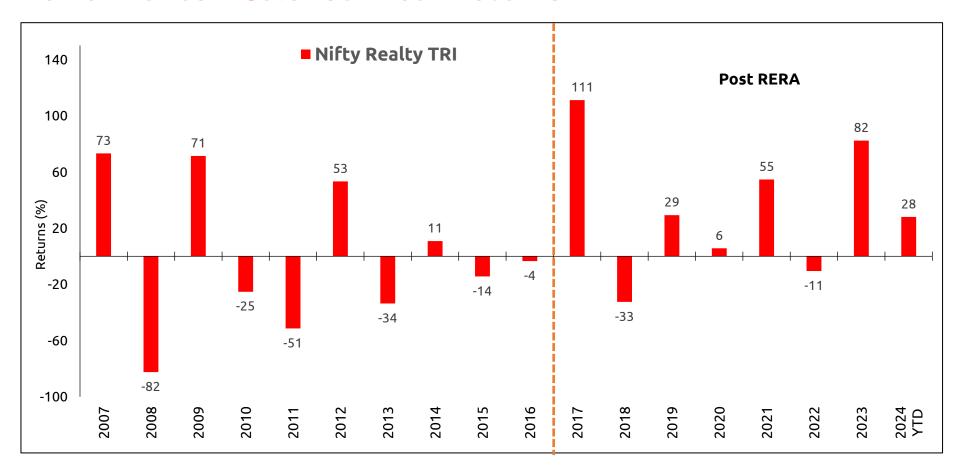
Annualized returns.

Data: As on October 31, 2024

Source: MFI, NSE



Performance – Calendar Year Returns



➤ Nifty Realty TRI has given an average returns of 33% since the implementation of Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016

Past performance may or may not be sustained in future and the same may not necessarily provide the basis for comparison with other investments

Total Return Index (TRI) values used for calculation **Data:** Calendar years from January to December 2024 YTD – Returns as on Jan 2024 to Oct 2024 **Source:** MFI



Fund Overview

Benefits of Investing in an Index Fund

Constructed to track an index

Open ended mutual fund

Diversification through a single unit

Generally lower expense ratio as compared to an actively managed equity fund

Performance tracking the underlying benchmark index (subject to expense ratio & tracking error)

Transparent, as the fund will replicate the index

Why Invest in Nippon India Nifty Realty Index Fund

Sector Exposure

 Provides exposure to top 10 Real Estate stocks listed on NSE*

Reduced Risk

 Elimination of non-systematic risks like stock picking and portfolio manager selection

Convenience

 Will also allow non-demat account holders to seek exposure to Real Estate sector

SIP Investments

• Investors can also avail the benefit of Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)

Low Cost

• Exposure to Real Estate sector via low cost^ index fund

^{*}Top 10 stocks as per Nifty Realty index methodology

Nippon India Nifty Realty Index Fund – About The Scheme

Investment objective

The investment objective of the scheme is to provide investment returns that commensurate to the total returns of the securities as represented by the Nifty Realty Index before expenses, subject to tracking errors. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

Asset Allocation

Instruments		Allocation al assets)	Risk Profile	
	Minimum	Maximum		
Securities constituting Nifty Realty Index	95%	100%	Very High	
Cash & cash equivalents and Money Market instruments, and/or Schemes which invest predominantly in the money market securities or Liquid Schemes#		5%	Low to Medium	

#The Scheme may invest upto 5% net assets in money market / liquid schemes without charging any fees, provided that aggregate inter-scheme investment made by all schemes under the same management company or in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of the NAV of the Mutual Fund in accordance with Clause 4 of Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
For more details, please refer the Scheme Information Document.

Type of scheme

An open-ended scheme replicating/tracking Nifty Realty Index.



Nippon India Nifty Realty Index Fund – Details

Scheme Features				
NFO Opens on	November 14, 2024			
NFO Closes on	November 28, 2024			
Benchmark Index	Nifty Realty TRI			
Fund Manager	Himanshu Mange			
Load Structure	Exit Load : NIL			
Minimum application amount (during NFO & ongoing basis)	During NFO: Minimum amount of Rs.1,000 and in multiples of Re.1 thereafter During Ongoing Basis: Minimum amount of Rs.1,000 and in multiples of Re.1 thereafter Additional amount of Rs.1,000 and in multiples of Re.1 thereafter			
Plans	The Scheme offers following Plans under Direct Plan and Regular Plan: a) Growth Plan b) Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal Plan			

Disclaimers

Disclaimer by the Index Provider:

Performance of the underlying index will have a direct bearing on the performance of the Scheme. In the event the index is dissolved or is withdrawn by the index provider, the Trustee reserves a right to modify the Scheme so as to track a different and suitable index and the procedure stipulated in the SEBI Regulations shall be complied with.

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Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully



Disclaimer

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